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## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (original): An organic light-light conversion device comprising:

a light sensing unit having a layer including a photo-conductive organic semiconductor that causes a photo-current multiplication phenomenon by light irradiation, and

a light emitting unit having a layer including an electroluminescent organic semiconductor that emits light by current injection, characterized in that

at least one of the photo-conductive organic semiconductor and the electroluminescent organic semiconductor is a polymer semiconductor.

- 2. (original): The organic light-light conversion device according to claim 1, wherein the photo-conductive organic semiconductor is a polymer semiconductor.
- 3. (original): The organic light-light conversion device according to claim 1, wherein the electroluminescent organic semiconductor is a polymer semiconductor.
- 4. (original): The organic light-light conversion device according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the photo-conductive organic semiconductor and the electroluminescent organic semiconductor are polymer semiconductors.

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5. (previously presented): The organic light-light conversion device according to any one of claims 1 to 3, comprising:

- a) a light sensing unit having a layer including the photo-conductive organic semiconductor,
- b) a light emitting unit having a layer including the electroluminescent organic semiconductor placed on a different location from the light sensing unit on the same substrate, and
- c) a conductive layer connecting the light sensing unit to the light emitting unit laid on the same substrate.
- 6. (original): The organic light-light conversion device according to claim 5, wherein a light shielding member is provided between the light sensing unit and light emitting unit.
- 7. (original): The organic light-light conversion device according to claim 5, wherein a translucent member having a transmittance that suppresses but does not completely shield the flow of feedback light into the light sensing unit is provided between the light sensing unit and the light emitting unit.
- 8. (previously presented): The organic light-light conversion device according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the light sensing unit having a layer including the photoconductive organic semiconductor is integrally laminated with the light emitting unit having a layer including the electroluminescent organic semiconductor.

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9. (previously presented): The organic light-light conversion device according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the polymer semiconductor contains one or more repeating units represented by the following Formula (1):

$$\frac{\left\{\left(Ar_{1}\right)_{m}\left(X_{1}\right)_{n}\right\}_{p}\left(Ar_{2}\right)_{q}}{\left(1\right)}$$

wherein  $Ar_1$  and  $Ar_2$  each independently represent an arylene group or a divalent heterocyclic group;  $X_1$  represents  $-CR_1=CR_2$ -, -C=C- or  $-N(R_3)$ -;  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aryl group, a monovalent heterocyclic group, a carboxyl group, a substituted carboxyl group or a cyano group;  $R_3$  represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aryl group, a monovalent heterocyclic group, an arylalkyl group or a substituted amino group; m, n and q each independently represent an integer of 0 or 1; p represents an integer of 0 to 2; and m + n and p + q are each 1 or more, provided that  $Ar_1$ ,  $X_1$ ,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$ , if they are each multiple, can be respectively identical or different, and has a polystyrene-converted number average molecular weight of  $1 \times 10^3$  to  $1 \times 10^8$ .

10. (currently amended): The organic light-light conversion device according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the layer including the photo-conductive organic semiconductor and/or the layer including the electroluminescent organic semiconductor contains two or more polymer semiconductors containing one or more repeating units represented by the following Formula (1):

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$$\frac{\left\{\left(Ar_{1}\right)_{\mathbf{m}}\left(X_{1}\right)_{\mathbf{n}}\right\}_{\mathbf{p}}\left(Ar_{2}\right)_{\mathbf{q}}}{\left(1\right)}$$

wherein  $Ar_1$  and  $Ar_2$  each independently represent an arylene group or a divalent heterocyclic group;  $X_1$  represents  $-CR_1=CR_2$ , -C=C- or  $-N(R_3)$ -;  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  each independently represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aryl group, a monovalent heterocyclic group, a carboxyl group, a substituted carboxyl group or a cyano group;  $R_3$  represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an aryl group, a monovalent heterocyclic group, an arylalkyl group or a substituted amino group; m, n and q each independently represent an integer of 0 or 1; p represents an integer of 0 to 2; and m + n and p + q are each 1 or more, provided that  $Ar_1$ ,  $X_1$ ,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$ , if they are each multiple, can be respectively identical or different, and has a polystyrene-converted number average molecular weight of  $1 \times 10^3$  to  $1 \times 10^8$ .

11. (previously presented): An image intensifier characterized by comprising a plurality of an organic light-light conversion devices comprising:

a light sensing unit having a layer including a photo-conductive organic semiconductor that causes a photo-current multiplication phenomenon by light irradiation, and

a light emitting unit having a layer including an electroluminescent organic semiconductor that emits light by current injection, characterized in that

at least one of the photo-conductive organic semiconductor and the electroluminescent organic semiconductor is a polymer semiconductor.

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12. (currently amended): A light sensor characterized by comprising an organic light-light conversion device comprising:

a light sensing unit having a layer including a photo-conductive organic semiconductor that causes a photo-current multiplication phenomenon by light irradiation, and

a light emitting unit having a layer including an electroluminescent organic semiconductor that emits light by current injection, characterized in that

at least one of the photo-conductive organic semiconductor and the electroluminescent organic semiconductor is a polymer semiconductor, and

a means to<u>unit which</u> measures and outputs a voltage applied to both ends of the layer including the electroluminescent organic semiconductor.